Print your name: _____

Page	Points	Score
1	10	
2	5	
3	15	
4	5	
5	10	
Total	45	

This exam has 7 questions on 5 pages, worth a total of 45 points.

You should:

- write complete solutions or you may not receive credit.
- box your final answer.

You may:

- use one sheet of notes.
- write on the backs of the pages if you need more room.

Please do not:

- come to the front of the room to ask questions (raise your hand).
- use a calculator or any other unauthorized electronic device.

Signature. Please sign below to indicate that you have not and will not give or receive any unauthorized assistance on this exam.

Signature: _____

(cover page)

1. (10 points) Let
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -2 \\ 3 & 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & -2 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$
.

(a) Find a basis for the row space of A.

(b) Find a basis for the null space of A.

- (c) What is the rank of *A*?
- (d) What is the nullity of A?

2. (5 points) Find an orthogonal basis for the 3-dimensional subspace of \mathbf{R}^4 spanned by the vectors $\begin{bmatrix} 1\\0\\0\\1\\-1 \end{bmatrix}$, $\begin{bmatrix} 3\\0\\1\\-1\\-1 \end{bmatrix}$, and $\begin{bmatrix} 5\\1\\-3\\-1\\-1 \end{bmatrix}$.

- 3. (9 points) For each matrix described below, determine the dimension of the null space and the dimension of the range.
 - (a) $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 3 & 5 & -2 & 10 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 0 & 1 & 9 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$.

Dimension of null space of A: _____ Dimension of range of A: _____ (b) B is the 3×3 matrix such that $B\mathbf{x}$ is the reflection of \mathbf{x} across the plane x + y = 0.

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Dimension of null space of B: _____ Dimension of range of B: _____
(c) C is the 2 × 3 matrix such that C \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x \\ z \end{bmatrix}.
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Dimension of null space of C: _____ Dimension of range of C: _____

4. (6 points) Let C be the matrix from question 3(c).

(a) Find a basis for the null space of C.

(b) Find a basis for the range of C.

5. (5 points) Use the least squares method to find a linear function that best approximates the following data:

6. (5 points) Let $W = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} : x + y + z = 0 \right\}.$

Let \mathbf{v}_1 and \mathbf{v}_2 be two nonzero vectors in W with $\mathbf{v}_1^T \mathbf{v}_2 = 0$. Prove that $\{\mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2\}$ is a basis for W.

7. (5 points) Let $S = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} : x \ge 0 \text{ and } y \ge 0 \right\}.$

For each of the following, answer yes or no. No explanation is necessary.

- (a) Is the zero vector $\mathbf{0}$ in S?
- (b) If \mathbf{v}_1 and \mathbf{v}_2 are in *S*, is $\mathbf{v}_1 + \mathbf{v}_2$ in *S*?
- (c) If \mathbf{v} is in S and a is a real number, is $a\mathbf{v}$ in S?